

# Supporting children with ASC, and their families, during the Covid 19 isolation.



This time of uncertainty is a particularly challenging time for children and families as we are instructed to self-isolate or distance ourselves from friends, family and other support. This is vital to stop the spread of Covid 19. Normal routines and structures are gone temporarily, and we are coming to terms with a new 'normal'.

We have put together this pack to support families. The information within it has been generously shared by individuals and organisations, and in this spirit, we would ask you to share it with anyone you feel it could help. It is by no means 'complete' but contains some ideas which we hope will help.

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# A: Information about COVID 19.

There is a lot of information available about COVID 19, some it is correct and some not. It is best to stick to reliable sources of information



https://www.england.nhs.uk/coronavirus/



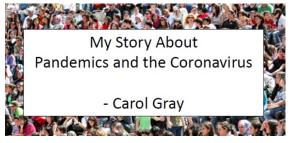
https://www.autism.org.uk/



https://www.mind.org.uk/information-support/coronavirus-and-your-wellbeing/

# Explaining COVID 19 and the necessary restrictions

Social stories allow us to explain complex concepts in a clear, visually supported way.



https://carolgraysocialstories.com/wpcontent/uploads/2020/03/Pandemics-and-the-Coronavirus.pdf

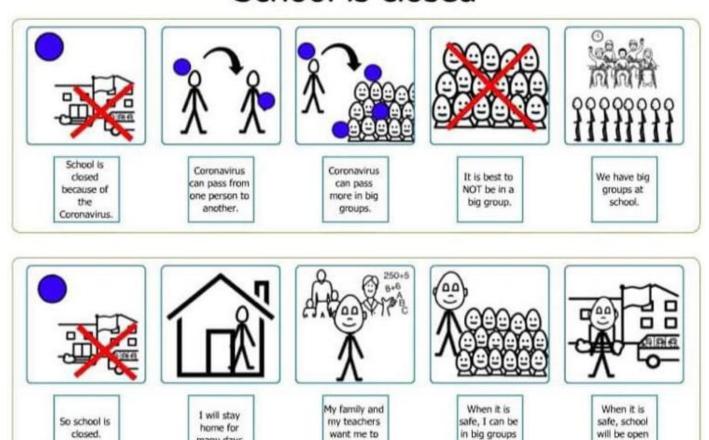


https://metro.co.uk/2020/03/29/parents-love-playmobil-video-explains-coronavirus-kids-12473079/

# Social story about school closure

many days.

# School is closed



be safe.

again.

again.

# I have to stay in my house.

In my house I can do lots of things like the work my teacher has set, some drawing, play with my toys and Facetime my family and friends.



I have been told I can only go for a walk, a run or ride my bike once a day. I can only go out with someone who lives in my house. If I go to the play park, I must not go onto the play equipment.



If I meet anybody, I need to stay 2 metres away from them. Two metres is about 6 of my long footsteps.

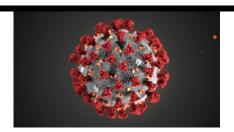


I can wave, say hello and ask them how they are.

Even if I see my friend, I can't go near them or give them anything. It's kind to share but for now I must only share things with the people who live in my house.



I don't feel ill, but I might be carrying the virus. The virus can only be seen when using a microscope.



When I get home, I need to wash my hands for 20 seconds with soap, then dry them thoroughly.



Soon we will be told we can go back to normal and we will go to school again.



*By Rosalind H Age 7* 

# **B: Self-care advice**

# Handwashing



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S9VjeIWLnEg
a great song that shows how to wash hands correctly



https://www.sensorvintegration.org.uk/News/8821506

# C: Structure and routine

We all know how important routine and predictability is for children with ASC to feel safe and secure. In these uncertain times, the loss of routines and predictability leads to anxiety. To reduce this the following strategies may help:

# Structure in daily routines



Waking at a regular time, getting washed and dressed as usual. Some children will want to wear their school uniform whilst they 'home learn'

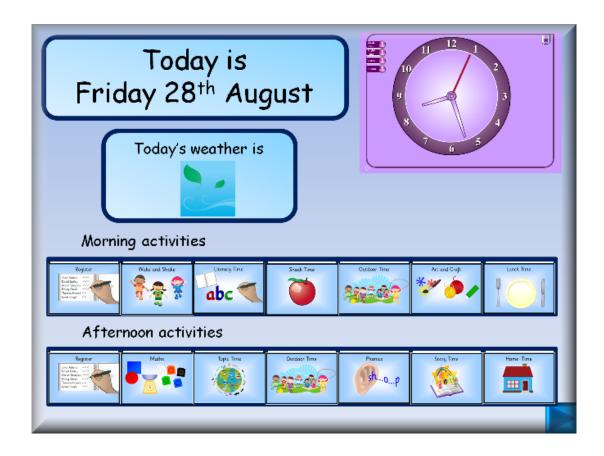
Starting the day with a 'wake and shake' activity

Following the same structure everyday, a regular activity- break- activity- break routine.

Using songs or alarms to signify the change from one time slot to another (this mimics school)

Eating at the same times and in the same place

### Visual timetables

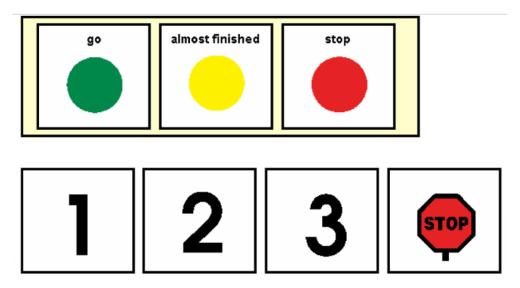


Remember, there is no 'perfect' timetable. Create one that supports you as a family. There are many examples to print online e.g. <a href="https://do2learn.com/picturecards/printcards/">https://do2learn.com/picturecards/printcards/</a> but you may prefer objects, photos or drawings. Your child's school may have shared these resources with you. Their key feature is that they reduce anxiety by providing a predictable structure and visuals reduce the need to take in and remember verbal information.

# <u>Transitioning between tasks</u>

If possible, keep the prewarning systems you or your child's school already use and are familiar with.





Visual Transition Cues - Defined Beginning and End

- · preferred and non-preferred activities
- prepares the student that an activity / task is beginning and when it will end
- clarifies expectations regarding the activity / task

A traffic light system will be useful when you want your child to stop a favoured activity, for instance screen time!

# **D: Sleep routines**

Many children, and their parents, with ASC have difficulty with sleep.

In times of anxiety this is likely to be more difficult, and this is understandable.

If possible, keep to the usual routine as it provides security.



### https://www.autism.org.uk/about/health/sleep.aspx

This advice focuses on; establishing a routine, a comfortable bedroom, explaining why we sleep using a social story, the effects of diet and medication.



More advice can be found on;

https://www.thechildrenssleepcharity.org.uk/

https://cerebra.org.uk/get-advice-support/sleep-advice-service/



# E: Emotional regulation and managing behaviour

It is natural that everyone will be more emotionally heightened during this situation.

Being kind to yourself, not expecting perfection and accepting what you cannot control will help.

# Primary prevention -

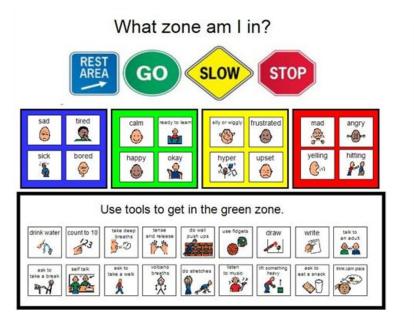
Emptying the stress bucket.



This **bucket** fills up with all the stresses of the day, and can be emptied by a good night's sleep, or by engaging with things which make us feel happy and relaxed. If the **bucket** starts to fill or overflow, we can start to feel anxious and overwhelmed.

- A regular routine of activities that reduce stress will support emotional regulation.
- You may be prevented from accessing your child's preferred activities, swimming, going to the park. Look at the input they receive from the activity, swimming gives strong resistance, and try to replicate this, resistance using therapy bands or brushing the floor.

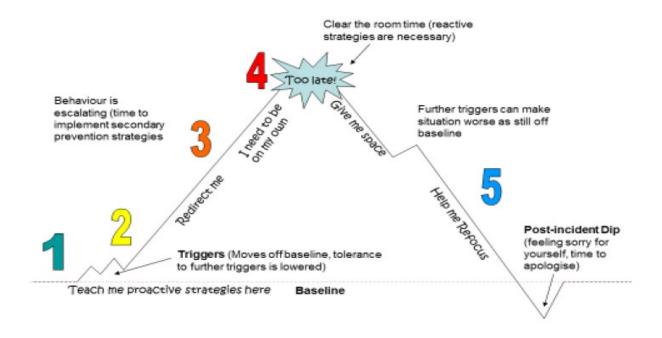
Your child may already use a system in school to show their regulation;





But everyone sometimes gets 'overwhelmed'......

### 'Behaviour Volcano'



<sup>\*</sup>Diagram courtesy of Cardiff and Vale University Health Board.

# **Secondary Prevention**

But what happens if your child moves up the volcano and is heading for a meltdown.....

- 1. If possible, redirect them to a quiet and calming part of the house
- 2. If not possible to redirect your child, try and redirect siblings and family pets to another room.
- 3. Avoid interacting with your child
- Try not to talk to your child when they are having a meltdown. (verbal information is difficult to process when you are distressed)
- Try not to make eye contact with them
- If possible, move away from them (keeping an eye on them from a distance)
- 4. Keeping the area safe
- Move anything breakable away from your child
- If your child is head butting the wall, you can place a cushion against the wall
- 5. After the Meltdown
- When your child calms, tell them (using visual cues ideally) what you are doing next and engage them in an activity to move them on
- Your child may have another meltdown and you will have to do all this again. But it is
  important to stick to your rules. If your child gets what they want when they have a
  meltdown, they will have a meltdown every time they want something. It is important to
  teach your child that having a meltdown will not get them what they want.

# More advice can be found at;

https://www.autism.org.uk/about/behaviour/challenging-behaviour.aspx https://www.challengingbehaviour.org.uk/understanding-behaviour/understanding-behaviour.html https://cerebra.org.uk/download/factsheet-managing-challenging-behaviour/





# F: Strategies for sensory regulation

Walking – a regular rhythmic activity

Hanging and swinging – good vestibular input

Bouncing and spinning

– Can cause over
stimulation so limit the
action and freeze for a
count between sets

Yoga - Lots of ASC friendly sites— take time to find a site you like with music that your child finds soothing

### Heavy work

pulling, pushing, carry heavy objects provide regulating proprioceptive inputs. Some ideas include: gardening activities – digging and pushing a wheelbarrow, tug of war, cycling, helping with house work, row row your boat song, door pull up bars, wall press offs

Den building and obstacle courses

Provides dark, quiet spaces, a series of actions, a range of movements, crawling, ....

Some websites for further information around proprioceptive regulatory strategies and activities include:

https://www.understood.org/en/learning-thinking-differences/child-learning-disabilities/sensory-processing-issues/heavy-work-activities

https://lemonlimeadventures.com/100-sensory-activities/

https://www.andnextcomesl.com/2015/06/heavy-work-activities-for-kids.html

# **G: Looking after yourself**

Last but definitely not least.....

Caring for others is demanding, to keep going for a prolonged time you will need to look after yourself.



# Coping with stress during the 2019-nCov outbreak



It is normal to feel sad, stressed, confused, scared or angry during a crisis.

Talking to people you trust can help. Contact your friends and family.

If you must stay at home, maintain a healthy lifestyle - including proper diet, sleep, exercise and social contacts with loved ones at home and by email and phone with other family and friends.



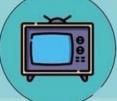


Don't use smoking, alcohol or other drugs to deal with your emotions.

If you feel overwhelmed, talk to a health worker or counsellor. Have a plan, where to go to and how to seek help for physical and mental health needs if required.

Get the facts. Gather information that will help you accurately determine your risk so that you can take reasonable precautions. Find a credible source you can trust such as WHO website or, a local or state public health agency.





Limit worry and agitation by lessening the time you and your family spend watching or listening to media coverage that you perceive as upsetting.

Draw on skills you have used in the past that have helped you to manage previous life's adversities and use those skills to help you manage your emotions during the challenging time of this outbreak.



# **MINDFULNESS PRACTICES DURING COVID-19**



### **EARLY MORNING** COMPASSION

Before you get out of bed:

- Sit in a comfortable position
  Take 10 breaths, with thoughts below:
- Inne to creatis, with thoughts below:

   Inhale "May I accept things the way they are"

   Exhale "May I be at peace"

   Inhale "May I accept things the way they are"

   Exhale "May I be at peace"

### **CALMING** MINDFUL CORNER

Have each family member identify a Mindful Corner:

- This a place for alone time (i.e. no one can bother you while there!)
   When you sit in your Mindful Corner, practice Square Breathing (10 times, or set a timer!)
- Square Breatning (to unles, or set of the square | Imagine a square:

  Inhale as you go across the top of the square of Hold your breath as you go down the right side Exhale as you go across the bottom Hold your breath as you go up the lef side





### COMMUNITY **MINDFULNESS**

Practice mindfulness as a family (or FaceTime a community member or another family):

- Dinner time (or right before everyone heads to bed)
  Set a timer for 5 mins and sit quietly with eyes open
- Listen to the sounds in the room, feel your belly move
- with your breath, or simply let your mind wande
  When the timer goes off, congratulate yourself
  Talk about the experiencel

## Mindfulness during trying times

- Practice compassion if you feel edgy, so do your housemates; have empathy for what they are feeling
- Have patience it is hard for everyone to be in close quarters, so we have to remind ourselves to be patient
- · Reach out there are others out there who need you. Reach out to a family member or friend who might be lonely

  • Pay it forward - many in our community are not working or have struggling businesses
- Try to help out where you can (e.g., tip bigger!)

# Mindfulness

Breathe....

# Be your own best friend...

You're doing your best in difficult times

Reach out to others...



https://somersetparentcarerforum.org.uk/



### **Autism and Communication Service -**

http://www.supportservicesforeducation.co.uk/Services/3326

